1,929 1,986

22·3 22·6

1.907

| Year | Local Calls | Long- Distance Calls | Total Calls | Total Calls per Capital | Averages per Telephone | | |
|------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|
| | | | | | Local | Long- Distance | Total |
| ; | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| 1929 | 2,425,019,000 | 37.852,000 | 2,462,871,000 | 246 | 1,754 | 27.4 | 1,781 |
| 1930 | 2,475,323,000 | 37,497,000 | 2,512,820,000 | 246 | 1,764 | 26.7 | 1,791 |
| 1931 | 2,421,081,000 | 33,198,000 | 2,454,279,000 | 236 | 1,775 | 24.3 | 1,799 |
| 1932 | 2,319,354,000 | 27,219,000 | 2,346,573,000 | 223 | 1,839 | 21.6 | 1,861 |
| 1933 | 2,247,144,000 | 24,437,000 | 2,271,581,000 | 213 | 1,885 | 20.5 | 1,905 |
| 1934 | 2.278.864.000 | 25,396,000 | 2.304.260.000 | 213 | 1.904 | 21.2 | 1,925 |
| 935 | 2,294,580,000 | 26,019,000 | 2,320,599,000 | 212 | 1,898 | 21.5 | 1,920 |
| 1936 | 2,444,517,000 | 27,990,000 | 2,472,507,000 | 224 | 1,931 | $1 \overline{22} \cdot \overline{1}$ | 1,953 |
| 1937 | 2 582 984 000 | 30 823 000 | 2 613 807 000 | 235 | 1 953 | 93.3 | 1 976 |

Local and Long-Distance Calls and Averages per Telephone and per Capita, 1929-39

30,289,000

31,612,000

2,592,803,000 2,742,739,000

1938.

1939.

PART VII.—RADIO COMMUNICATIONS*

2,623,092,000

2,774,351,000

Prior to July 1, 1938, radio in Canada, and in ships registered in Canada, was administered under the provisions of the Radiotelegraph Act passed in 1913, and the Regulations issued thereunder from time to time. This Act, owing to the rapid development of radio during the intervening years, was repealed and replaced by the Radio Act, 1938, which became effective on July 1, 1938. In the interim, however, the Canada Shipping Act had already been revised (see 1936 Year Book, pp. 1107–1108), and those sections of the former Radiotelegraph Act pertaining to radio equipment in ships had been deleted and embodied in the revised Canada Shipping Act, 1934.

In 1932, the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Act was passed and under its terms the control of all radio broadcasting was vested in the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission. This Act was subsequently repealed and replaced by the Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936. Under the new Act, the technical control of all broadcasting stations reverted to the Department of Transport, while the regulation of programs is placed in the hands of the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation; the Minister of Transport is also empowered to make regulations for the control of any equipment liable to cause interference with radio reception.

Accordingly, authority for the administration of all radio within the jurisdiction of Canada is vested in the Minister of Transport under the following legislation: the Radio Act, 1938; Canada Shipping Act, 1934; and the Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936.

In addition to being subject to the provisions of the Radio Act, 1938, and the regulations issued thereunder, the operation of radio, including broadcasting, in Canada is subject to the International Telecommunication Convention (Madrid, 1932) and the Radiocommunication Regulations annexed thereto (Revision of Cairo, 1938) as well as to the Inter-American Radiocommunications Convention and the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement, Havana, 1937.

¹ Per capita figures are based on official estimates of population given at p. 70.

^{*} Part VII, with the exception of Section 3, has been revised under the direction of Walter A.Rush, Controller of Radio, Department of Transport.